Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
F8.06	Frequency that corresponds to the maximum current for analog input	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	50.0Hz	
F8. 07	Frequency that corresponds to the minimal current for analog input	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	
F8.08	Maximum value for external impulse input	0.0-10.0KHz	O.1KHz	5.OKHz	
F8.09	Minimal value for external impulse input	0.0-10.0KHz	O.1KHz	O.1KHz	
F8.10	Frequency that corresponds to the maximum value for impulse input	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	50.0Hz	
F8.11	Frequency that corresponds to the minimal value for impulse input	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.0Hz	
F8.12	Analog output enable	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	1	
F8.13	Analog output content selection	0: Operating 3: Motor rotating frequency speed 1: Output voltage 4: PID set value 2: Output current 5: PID feedback value	0	0	
F8.14	Analog output correction coefficient	80%-120%	1%	100%	
F8.15	Frequency that corresponds to the maximum value for analog output	10.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	50.0Hz	

F8 Series AnalogInput/Output Parameters (Continued)

F9 series PLC FunctionParameters 1

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
F9.00	PLC operating frequency stage 1	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.01	PLC operating frequency stage 2	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.02	PLC operating frequency stage 3	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.03	PLC operating frequency stage 4	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
F9.04	PLC operating frequency stage 5	0.0 400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9. 05	PLC operating frequency stage 6	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.06	PLC operating frequency stage 7	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.07	PLC operating frequency stage 8	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9. 08	PLC operating frequency stage 9	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9. 09	PLC operating frequency stage 10	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.10	PLC operating frequency stage 11	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.11	PLC operating frequency stage 12	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.12	PLC operating frequency stage 13	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.13	PLC operating frequency stage 14	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.14	PLC operating frequency stage 15	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	
F9.15	PLC operating frequency stage 16	0.0-400.0Hz	0.1Hz	5.0Hz	

F9 series PLC FunctionParameters 1 (Continued)

FAseries PLC Function Parameters2

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
FA. 00	PLC operating time stage 1	0-9000s	ls	0s	
FA. 01	PLC operating time stage 2	0-9000s	1s	0s	
FA. 02	PLC operating time stage 3	0-9000s	ls	0s	

Factory Function Minimum Range of setting Name Default Note Code Unit Setting PLC operating time FA 03 0-9000s 1s0s stage 4 FA. 04 PLC operating time stage 5 0-9000s 1s 0s FA. 05 PLC operating time stage 6 0-9000s 1s 0.5 FA. 06 PLC operating time 0-9000s 1s0s PLC operating time stage 8 FA: 07 0-9000s 1s0s FA. 08 PLC operating time 0-9000s ls 0s stage 9 FA, 09 PLC operating time 0-9000s 1s 0s stage 10 FA. 10 PLC operating time stage 11 0-9000s 1s 0s FA. 11 PLC operating time stage 12 0-9000s 1s0s FA. 12 PLC operating time stage 13 0-9000s 1s 0s FA. 13 PLC operating time 0-9000s 1s 0s stage 14 FA. 14 PLC operating time stage 15 0-9000s 1s 0s FA 15 PLC operating time 0-9000s 1s0s stage 16

FAseries PLC Function Parameters2 (Continued)

Fb series PLC FunctionParameters 3

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
Fb. 00	PLC operating control stage 1	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 01	PLC operating control stage 2	000-144	1	000	

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
Fb. 02	PLC operating control stage 3	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 03	PLC operating control stage 4	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 04	PLC operating control stage 5	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 05	PLC operating control stage 6	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 06	PLC operating control stage 7	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 07	PLC operating control stage 8	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 08	PLC operating control stage 9	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 09	PLC operating control stage 10	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 10	PLC operating control stage 11	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 11	PLC operating control stage 12	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 12	PLC operating control stage 13	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 13	PLC operating control stage 14	000-144	1	000	
Fb.14	PLC operating control stage 15	000-144	1	000	
Fb. 15	PLC operating control stage 16	000-144	1	000	

Fb series PLC FunctionParameters 3 (Continued)

Fc series AuxiliaryControl Parameters

Function Code	Name	Range of setting	Minimum Unit	Factory Default Setting	Note
Fc. 00	PLC function setting	0: Non operation 1: Single cycling 2: Continuous Cycling 3: Retaining the final value after single cycling	1	0	
Fc. 01	AVI/ACI filter time	0.01-60.00s	0.01s	1.00s	
Fc. 02	Speed correction	50-100%	0.1%	100%	
Fc. 03	Remain				
Fc.04	ACI fine tuning	0-1000	1	0	
Fc. 05	Digital frequency control	0: Keep memory after powerfailure; hold after shutdown. Keep memory after power failure; don't hold after shutdown. Don't keep memory after powerfailure; hold after shutdown. Don't keep memory after power failure; don't hold after shutdown. 	1	0	
Fc. 06	Digital frequency range	0.1-50.0Hz	0.1Hz	1.0Hz	
Fc. 07	Standby time	0.0 - 60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	
Fc. 08	Motor poles	2-20	2	4	
Fc. 09	Counter target value	1-9999	1	100	
Fc.10	Counter arrival motion time	0.01-60.00s	0.01s	1.00s	
Fc. 11	Output voltage auto compensation	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	1	1	
Fc. 12	Parameter lock	0: Parameter modification allowed 1: Parameter modification not allowed	1	0	
Fc. 13	Parameter Initializing	0: Invalid 1: Parameter restores tothe default value.	1	0	

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

3.3 Function Parameters Description

F0 Series Operating Parameters Description

F0.00 Keyboard setting frequency Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Factory DefaultValue: 5.0Hz

F0.01 Frequency setting mode Rangeof setting: 0~9 Factory DefaultValue: 0 0: Keyboard or terminal UP/DOWNsetting:

To set thefrequency by pressing **A v** on the keyboard or UP/DWNkey of the terminal (ifthe port is valid). 1: Keyboard potentiometer setting:

To set the frequency according to the resistance value of potentiometer on the keyboard.

2: External analog voltage setting:

To set the frequency according to the external analog voltage input value. F8.00 and F8.01 are used to set the range for analog input. F8.02 and F8.03 are used to set the frequency that corresponds to the maximum or minimal analog input.

3: External analog current setting:

To set thefrequency according to the externalanalog current input value. F8.04and F8.05 are used toset the range for analog input. F8.06and F8.07 are used toset the frequency that corresponds to the maximum or minimal analog input.

4: Combined multi-stage speed setting:

External terminals reserve the function of 7-stage speed setting. Sofrequency can be set according to the state of external terminals. F4.00~F4.06 are frequencyparameters that correspond to everymulti stages.

5: External terminal high/low speedsetting (AVI):

To set thefrequency by analog voltage input if there is input for the terminal. If there is no input, then refer to the frequency set by F8.03.

6: External impulse input setting:

To set the frequency according to the external pulse input value. F8.08–F8.09 areused to set the rangefor pulse input. F8.10–F8.11 refer to the frequency that corresponds to the maximum or minimal impulse. 7. PID settine: This indicates PID's self-motion regulation function issended.

/: PID setting: This indicatesPID's self-motion regulation function isenabl 8: 485 COM setting: To realize frequency setting through communication

9: External TerminalAVI/ACIsetting:

When the external terminal issue to have two kindsof selections of analog frequencycommand AVI or ACI, its frequency can be set byexternal voltage or external current.

F0.02 Operation command selection Rangeof setting:0-5 Factory Default value:0-5 0: Keyboard control:

0: Keyboard control: To switch on hypressing RUN key and switchoff by pressing STOPkey on the keyboard.

1: Terminal control:

To switch on oroff according to the stateof external terminals.

2: Multi-stage speed control

If external terminals are setto have the function of7-stage speed function, it is considered to perform the stop command over the machine whenthree ports of the terminalsare disabled; to perform the start command when the ports are enabled.

3: External analog voltage inputcontrol:

To set "on-off" by external analog input voltage. The state of "ON" or "OFF" is decided by analogvoltage. When the analog voltage rises and exceeds DC1V, the machine switches on; when the analog voltage falls toDC1V, the machine switches off.

4: External analog current inputcontrol:

To set "on-off" by external analog input current. The state of "ON" or "OFF" is decided by analogcurrent. When the analog voltage rises and exceeds DC2mA, the machine switcheson; when the analog voltagefalls to DC2mA, the machine switches off.

5: 485 COM control

To set "on-off"by 485 COM.

F0.03 Stop mode Range of setting: 0~1 Factory default value:1

0: Free stop

Once the stop command isreceived, the inverter will blockPWM output with a freestop of the load due o inertia. 1: Decelerated stop

Once the stop command isreceived, the inverter will decelerateits frequency gradually till afull stop according to the deceleration time.

Deceleration + DC braking:

If F0.03=1, parameter F2.02 (shutdownDC braking time) and F2.03(shutdown DC

braking level) \neq 0, the inverter will decelerate its output frequency during theperiod of deceleration after the stop command is received. Oncethis value reaches the stopfrequency (parameter F0.11), theinverter will start its DC braking and thenstop.

F0.04 Basic frequency Range of setting: 40.0~400.0Hz Factory default value: 50.0Hz

This refers to the minimaloutput frequency that corresponds to the rated output voltage. It is used as a reference for frequency regulation.

Note: The rated frequency of the motor is generally takenas the set value forbasic frequency, which can be reset according to therequirements in some special occasions.But attention must be paidto V/F characteristic of the load motorand output of the motor

F0.05 Upper limiting frequency Rangeof setting: 0.2~400.0Hz Factory defaultvalue: 50.0Hz This is used to setthe upper limit of frequency

F0.06 Lower limiting frequency Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Factory defaultvalue: 0.0Hz This is used to setthe lower limit of frequency.

Note: The upper limiting frequency refers to the allowable maximum working frequency of the inverter and the tower limiting frequency refers to the allowable minimal output frequency of the inverter. To set theupper and lower limit of frequency may ensure a moderate output frequency automatically, neither higherthan the upper limiting frequency to work than the ower limits of frequency and the motor canalways work in the allowable frequency and upper thinking work in the mappicable to super hish/low speedorevention.

F0.07 Acceleration time Rangeof setting: 0.1~999.9s Factory defaultvalue: 10.0s

This refers to the time during which the output frequencyof the inverter is acceleratedfrom 0Hz to 100Hz. It is used together with the parameter F4.15. 1.e., if F4.15=0, the keyboard willkeep the control over frequency velocity accelerated from 0Hz to 100Hz according to these value for this parameter

F0.08 Deceleration time Range of setting: 0.1~999.9s Factory default value: 10.0s

This refers to the periodduring which the output frequencyof the inverter is deceleratedfrom 100Hz to 0.0Hz. It is used togetherwith the parameter F4.15. 1.e., if F4.15=0, the keyboard shallkeep the control over frequency velocity decelerated from 100Hzto 0.0Hz according to these value for this parameter

F0.09 Starting frequency Range of setting: 0~40.0Hz Factory default value:0.5Hz

This refers to the inceptionfrequency of the inverter whenit is started. This issued to adjust the inception synchronous speed of the motorand overcome the maximum statisfriction force. Shifting from idleto start, the motor runs at the starting frequency at first, thenenters into the stage ofholding (set by F0.10) and finally it runs at the targetfrequency set by the user.

F0.10 Starting holding time Rangeof setting: 0~60.0s Factory defaultvalue: 10.0s This refers to the holding time of starting frequency.

F0.11 Shutdown frequency Rangeof setting: 0~40.0Hz Factory defaultvalue: 0.0Hz When the inverter is deceleratedto stop, its output frequencycan be set. Once thevalue reaches the shutdown frequency, the inverterwill close output.

Note: The inverter doesn't enterinto the stage of shutdownDC braking until its operating frequency reaches the stop frequency.

F0.12 Frequency fine tuning Rangeof setting: 0.00~0.09Hz Factory defaultvalue: 0.00Hz

The user can regulate theoperating frequency of the currentmotor by setting this parameter, which can be set up to an accuracy of 0.01Hz.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

F0.13 Jog frequency Rangeof setting: 0.5~400.0Hz Factorydefault value: 5.0Hz The inverter will runat the jog frequency (F0.13) automatically when it is in the state of jog operation, and the frequency velocity will be decided by the jog acceleration time (F0.14) and the jog deceleration time (F0.15) when accelerating or decelerating.

F0.14 Jog acceleration time Range of setting: 0.1~999.9s Factory default value: 10.0s

This refers to theperiod during which the frequency is accelerated from 0Hz to 100Hz. The frequency velocity is determined by this parameter while the machine is in the state of jog operation.

F0.15 Jog Deceleration time Range of setting: 0.1~999.9s Factory default value: 10.0s

Parameter description: This refers to the period during which the frequency is decelerated from 100Hz to 0Hz. The frequency velocity is determined by this parameter while the machine is in the state of fog operation.

F1 Series Control Parameters Description

F1.00 FWD/REV command selection Range of setting: 0~3 Factory default value: 0 0: No reversing:

The machine always forwards whatever the input signalis, forward or reverse.

1: Keyboard selection: Theoperating direction is determined by the keyboard.

2: External terminal selection: The operating direction is determined by external terminals.

3: 485 COM selection: The operation direction is determined by 485 COM.

F1.01 Keyboard operating direction Range of setting: 0~1 Factory default value: 0 Combined with the parameter F1.00, this is used to set the operating direction of the motor.

If F1.00=1, the keyboard can determine whether themotor forwards or reverses according to the set value for this parameter.

- 0: Forward
- 1: Reverse

F1.02 FWD/REV shifting waiting time Range of setting:0-60.0s Factory default value:0.0s Once the operating direction of the motor changes, the inverter enters into the stage of FWD/REV shifting (if permitted) when the operation frequency fals to the stopfrequency (see

the detail for F0.11). Wait till the set shifting time is passed and themotor will counter rotate. Using this function can avoid overcurrent protection caused by large inertia of the motor during FWD/REV shifting.

Please set proper FWD/REV shifting time according to the actual inertia of the motor.

During the course of shifting, the inverter has no output and themotor decelerates freely according to its owninertia and load.

F1.03 V/F curve setting Range of setting: 0~2 Factory default value: 0 There are three kinds V/F curve setting:

0: Linear type, applicable to constant torque load;

1: Square type, applicableto fan, pump and similar loads;

2: Polygonal type, combined with the parameter F1.04 and F1.05.

F1.04 Intermediate frequency (IF)setting Range of setting: 10~40.0Hz Factory default value: 30.0Hz

Intermediate frequency (IF) refers to the output frequency at the turning point of V/F curve if V/F curve is adopted.

E1.05 IF output voltage setting Pange of setting: 20%-100% Factory default value: 30 0Hz Intermediate voltage refers to the output voltage at the turning point of V/F curve if V/F curve is adopted



F1.06 Acceleration S curvesetting Range of setting: 0~7 Factory default value: 0

F1.07 Deceleration S curve setting Range of setting: 0~7 Factorydefault value: 0

This is used in the occasion that has critical requirement for motor's acceleration/deceleration. If this narameter=0, then frequency velocity will be worked out according to the currently selected acceleration/deceleration time. If this parameter $\neq 0$, then the currently selected acceleration/deceleration time is for reference only. If the acceleration/deceleration timeremains the same, the lawer the parameter is the longer the transformation period is. The acceleration curve is valid only when the set time for acceleration/deceleration is less than 10.0s.



Acceleration/deceleration performance when S curve is notenabled.

Acceleration/deceleration performance when S curve is enabled.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

El 08 Lean frequency range Rangeof setting: 0.0~10.0Hz Factory defaultyalue: 0.0Hz F1.09 1st leap frequency Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Factory defaultvalue: 0.0Hz F1 10 2nd lean frequency Pangeof setting: 0.0-400.0Hz Factory defaultvalue: 0.0Hz F1 11 3rd leap frequency Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Factorydefault value: 0.0Hz

To avoid point of resonant frequency of mechanical load the inverter's set frequency may perform lean operation near some frequency onits. The working frequency that corresponds to resonant frequency is called lean frequency. This inverter can set three lash fraquency nointe whose ranges are not allowed to be overlaid or inlaid If the lean frequency range = 0.0Hz, then the function of lean frequency is disablad

When the range of settinglean frequency is half, lowerthan the lean frequency. The lean frequency function is invalid

When the frequency is set within the range of the Xth leap frequency, the inverter will output the upper limiting value for the Xth leap frequency if the set frequency is larger than the Xth leap frequency, and output the lower limiting value for the Xth leap frequency if the set frequency is smaller than the Xth leap frequency.

Eq. If set F1, 08=10, 0Hz, F1, 09=40, 0Hz, then the frequency $35.0^{\sim}45.0$ Hz is the range for the 1st leap frequency.



F1.12 Carrier frequency Range of setting: 1000~9999 Factory default value 5000 Changing the value for carrierfrequency may reduce noise of the motor and avoid mechanical resonant

Note: To changecarrier frequency when the inverteris in operation, the newlyset parameter value will be effective only when the inverter restarts after stop

F1.13 Torque lifting Range of setting: 0.0~20.0% Factory default value: 5.0% The value stands for the set value for voltage when frequency = 0. It is used to regulate theoutput torque of the motor The smaller the parameteris, the lower the output/oltage is if other parameters remain the same.

Note: If output frequency >basic frequency, then theoutput voltage is not influenced by this parameter.

F1.14 Output voltage regulation Rangeof setting: 50%~100% Factory defaultvalue: 100% This is used to regulate the percentage of output voltage to rated voltage. If it is set to be 100%. then the output voltage corresponds to the rated voltage.

Type F2 Braking Parameters Description

F2.00 Start DC brakingtime Range of setting:0-100.0s Factory default value:0.0s Three manners can beselected to start theinverter: 1) Accelerate to the target frequency directly: 2) Perform inception frequency for a periodo fime, then accelerate to the target frequency; 3) Perform DCbraking first, then performincepting frequency for a period of time, and finally accelerate to the target frequency. E.g.

Accelerate to the target frequency directly:

- Set F0.10 (start holdingtime) = 0, F2.00(starting DC braking time)= 0.
- Perform inception frequencyfor a period oftime, then accelerate to the target frequency: Set F0.10 (start holding time) ≠0, F2.00 (starting DCbraking time) = 0.

3) Perform DC brakingfirst, then perform incepting frequency for a period of time, and finally accelerate to the target frequency:

Set F0.10 (start holdingtime) $\neq 0$, F2.00 (starting DCbraking time) $\neq 0$, F2.01 (start braking voltage) $\neq 0$.

F2.01 Start DC brakingvoltage Range of setting: 0~100V Factory default value: 20V

If set this parameterwhen the motor needsDC braking before starting, the system will proceed braking over themotor. This parameterindicates the ratio of output voltage when performing braking to theoutput voltage when starting frequency is in anormal operation. The bigger the figure, the stronger the braking force.

F2.02 Shutdown DC brakingtime Range of setting: 0~100.0s Factory default value: 0.0s

DC braking is used if output frequency of the inverter is smaller than stop frequency when there is a decelerated stop or FWD/REV shift.

F2.03 Shutdown DC brakingvoltage Range of setting: 0~100V Factory default value: 20V

If set this parameterwhen the inverter stopsrunning and the motorneeds DC braking, the system will proceed braking over the motor. This parameter indicates theratio of output voltage for braking to theoutput voltage when stop frequency is in anormal operation. The bigger the figure, the stronger thebraking force.

 F2.04 Braking enable Range of setting: 0~1 Factory default value: 1 This function is used to control the output of braking signal.
 0. Disabled 1: Enabled

F2.05 Braking inception voltagecoefficient Range of setting:100~170% Factory default value: 140%

If detected voltage ishigher than the product of rated voltage and this parameter, the braking signal will be output.

F2.06 Braking termination retardcoefficient Range of setting: 0~20% Factory default value: 5%

If detected voltage islower than the productof braking inception voltageand this parameter, the braking signal willbe terminated.

F2.07 Display mode 1 Range of setting: 0~9 Factory default value: 0 F2.08 Display mode 2 Range of setting: 0~9 Factory default value: 1

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

F2.09 Display mode 3 Rangeof setting: 0~9 Factory defaultvalue: 2

This is used toset the display contents of the inverter when it is in the mode of operationor holding.

- 0: Frequency display 5: Countinput value
- 1: Output current 6: AVI feedbackvalue
- 2: Input voltage 7: ACI feedback value
- 3: Output voltage 8: PID setting value
- 4: Motor rotating speed 9: PID feedback value

Note: The inverter's digitaltube will display three types of data, which canbe shifted by pressing the "SET" key.If Mode 1 is selected, the digital tube will display the data when the inverter energized; If Mode 20 Mode 3 is selected, the tube will display the data when the inverter is in the mode of shifting.

F3 Series Multi-function PortParameters Description

F3.00	Terminal X1 function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory default value: 1
F3.01	Terminal X2 function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory default value: 2
F3.02	Terminal X3 function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory default value: 3
F3.03	Terminal X4function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory default value: 6
F3.04	Terminal X5 function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory default value: 7
F3.05	Terminal X6function selection	Range of setting: 0~30	Factory defaultvalue: 12
			-

Setting Value	Function Content	Function of TerminalX
0	Invalid	Invalid
1	Combined multi-stage speed 1	ON; OFF
2	Combined multi-stage speed 2	ON; OFF
3	Combined multi-stage speed 3	ON; OFF
4	Combined accelerating/decelerating period 1	ON; OFF
5	Combined accelerating/decelerating period 2	ON; OFF
6	Forward operation (FWD)	ON: Forward; OFF: Shutdown
7	Reverse operation (REV)	ON: Reverse; OFF: Shutdown
8	RUN	ON: Run OFF: Shutdown
9	Running direction(F/R)	ON: Reverse OFF: Forward
10	JOG forward	ON: Terminal jogforwards. OFF: Shutdown
11	JOG reverse	ON: Terminal jogreverses. OFF: Shutdown
12	Reset (RST)	ON: Chip resets; OFF: Chipdoesn't reset.
13	Counter reset	ON: Counter resets; OFF: Counterdoesn't reset.
14	Counter Up input	1 count per input of impulse
15	Counter Down input	1 count per input of impulse
16	External pulse input	Pulse input enabled.
17	Pulse enable	Pulse input enabled.
18	Frequency increasing (UP)	Impulse
19	Frequency decreasing (DOWN)	Impulse
20	External fault	Shutdown without reservation
21	PLC pulse enable	Impulse

Setting Value	Function Content	Function of TerminalX
22	PLC pulse stop	Impulse
23	Three-wire FWD control	ON: Forward
24	Three-wire REV control	ON: Reverse
25	Three-wire NO shutdown control	OFF: Stop
26	Three-wire NC shutdown control	ON: Stop
27	External free shutdown input	ON: Free shutdown
28	External decelerated shutdown input	ON: Decelerated shutdown
29	Analog frequency command selection(AVI/ACI)	ON: ACI enabled. OFF:AVIenabled.
30	Terminal high/low speedselection	ON: Frequency of VI input OFF: Minimal frequency of VIinput

Refer to parameter description in the clause F3.00-F3.06 for the use of combined multistage speed. Refer to parameterdescription in the clauseF3.07-F3.14 for the usage of combined acceleration/deceleration time.

When the terminal isset to have high/lowspeed function, just adopt the frequency set by analog input AVI if the terminalis ON and adopt the frequency set by the parameter F8.03.

When the terminal's setting frequency rises or falls, each impulse is equivalent to one MOP and the impulse time must not be less than 10ms.

Terminal's ON/OFF mustbe set for theinverter before performing thehigh/low speed function. An impulse lasts morethan 10ms can beregarded as an ON/OFF signal. To avoiderror operation, different terminals can notbe set to perform the same function (butthey can be settor "0").

F3.06 Output target frequencysetting Range of setting:0.2~400.0Hz Factory default value: 50.0Hz

Refer to the second clause for the parameter F3.09.

- F3.07 Frequency detection range Range of setting: 0.0~50.0Hz Factory default value: 0.0Hz This refers to theminimal creepingrange of frequency when frequency output isselected.
- F3.08 Relay output selection Range of setting: 0~5 Factory default value: 0 Used to set conditions for relay action.

F3.09 Y1 output selection Range of setting: 0~5 Factory default value: 0

Setting Value	Function Conten	Conditions for Relay Actuation
0	Invalid	The relay is failure toactuate.
1	Fault output	When the inverter is inan abnormal state.
2	Target frequency arrival	If output frequency $>$ outputtarget frequency (set by F3.06),retard frequency (F3.07) can be set to prevent continuous shifting of frequency fluctuation when there is analog control frequency.
3	Setting frequency arrival	Output after the user presettarget frequency is reached.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Setting Value	Function Conten	Conditions for Relay Actuation
4	Operating Indication	When the inverter is in he state of operation.
5	Counter arrival	If counting function is set, the number of the impulse input reaches the counting value.
6	upper limiting frequency arrival	Output when the operation frequencyreaches the upper limit
7	ower limiting frequency arrival	Output when the operation frequencyreaches the lower limit
8	Program in-operating indication	Out put when PLC functionis started and actuated.

F4 Series Multi-stage SpeedParameters Description

 F4.00 Multi-stage speed 1
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 10.0Hz

 F4.01 Multi-stage speed 2
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 20.0Hz

 F4.02 Multi-stage speed 3
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 30.0Hz

 F4.03 Multi-stage speed 4
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 40.0Hz

 F4.04 Multi-stage speed 5
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 50.0Hz

 F4.05 Multi-stage speed 6
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 60.0Hz

 F4.06 Multi-stage speed 7
 Range of setting: 0.0-400.0Hz
 Default value: 70.0Hz

Multi-stage speed combination			
Terminal X1	Terminal X1	Terminal X1	Output frequency
OFF	OFF	OFF	No multi-stage speed
ON	OFF	OFF	Multi-stage speed 1 10Hz
OFF	ON	OFF	Multi-stage speed 2 20Hz
ON	ON	OFF	Multi-stage speed 3 30Hz
OFF	OFF	ON	Multi-stage speed 4 40Hz
ON	OFF	ON	Multi-stage speed 5 50Hz
OFF	ON	ON	Multi-stage speed 6 60Hz
ON	ON	ON	Multi-stage speed 7 70Hz

Parameter Description:

If the connecting terminals with multi-stage speed are OFF, the motor will begin to run without performing operation.

If multi-stage speed terminalsare ON during operation, the motor will runat corresponding multi- stage speed frequency.

F4.07 1st accelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.08 1st decelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.09 2nd accelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.10 2nd decelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.11 3rd accelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.12 3rd decelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.13 4th accelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s
F4.14 4th decelerating period	Range of setting:	0.1~999.9s	Default value: 10.0s

Accelerating period refers to the time when frequency is accelerated from 0.0Hz to 100.0Hz. Decelerating period refers to the time when frequency is decelerated from 100.0Hz to 0.0Hz.

Terminal X4	Terminal X5	Frequency Accelerating/Decelerating Period
OFF	OFF	Accelerate during accelerating period 1 anddecelerate during decelerating period 1.
ON	OFF	Accelerate during accelerating period 2 and decelerate during decelerating period 2.
OFF	ON	Accelerate during accelerating period 3 anddecelerate during decelerating period 3.
ON	ON	Accelerate during accelerating period 4 anddecelerate during decelerating period 4.

If no terminal isset to acceleration/deceleration selectionparameter 1 or 2, then acceleration will be performed according to thedefault acceleration time F4.07 and deceleration will beperformed according the deceleration time F4.08.

F4.15 Acceleration/Deceleration source Range of setting: 0~1 Default value: 0

Frequency acceleration/deceleration can berealized by setting acceleration/decelerationtime, which refers to the time when the frequencychanges from 0.0Hz to 100.0Hz or 100.0Hz to 0.0Hz.

0: Set by thekeyboard 1: Set by the terminal

F5 Series Protecting FunctionParameters Description

F5.00 Undervoltage protection selection Range of setting: 0~1 Default value: 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled

This function can beenabled or disabled according to user's selection.

Undervoltage protection can bejudged only when the inverter is in the mode of operation.

F5.01 Undervoltage Protection Voltage Proportion Range of setting: 50%~100% Default value: 60%

Undervoltage protection can be pover only when powervoltage is detected to be lower than the product of this parameter and rated voltage.

F5.02 Over-voltage protection Function Range of setting: 0~1 Default value: 2 0: Disabled 1: Enabled

Over-voltage protection will bereported by the system when power voltage is detected to be higher than the value for over-voltage protection if this parameter is set to 1.

F5.03 Over-voltage protection voltageproportion Range of setting: 100%~150% Default value: 135%

Over-voltage protection will occurand over-voltage protection isreported if the voltage is detected to be higher than the product of rated voltage and this parameter.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

F5.04 Over-voltage stall function Range of setting: 0~1 Defaultvalue: 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled

If this parameter is setto 1 and the deceleration time is set to be shorter than the necessary time for load inertia, then deceleration can be delayed and over-voltage tripping can be avoided.

F5.05 Over-voltage stall voltageproportion Range of setting: 100%~150% Default value: 125%

If capacitor voltage is detected to be higher than the product of capacitor voltage and this parameter, over-voltage stallwill occur and frequency will stop falling.

F5.06 Over-current stallfunction Rangeof setting: 0~1 Default value:1

If this parameter is setto 1 and the acceleration time is set tobe shorter than the necessary time for load inertia, then acceleration can be delayed and over-current trippingcan be avoided.

F5.07 Stall current coefficient Range of setting: 10%-200% Defaultvalue: 150% If the current is detected to be higher than theproduct of rated current (Fd.04) and this parameter, over-current stall will occur and frequencywill stop rising.

F5.08 Overload protection function Rangeof setting: 0~1 Default value: 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled

If this parameter is set o 1 and the currentis detected to be larger than the current value for overload protection (F5.09) and the duration is longer than overload protection time (F5.10), then overload protection willoccur.

F5.09 Overload current proportion Rangeof setting: 10%~200% Default value:150% Parameter description:

If the current is detected to be higher than theproduct of rated current (FD.04) and this parameter, it is regarded as overload. If the duration reaches theoverload protection time, then overload protection will be reported.

F5.10 Overload protection time Rangeof setting: 60~120s Default value:60s

- F5.11 Overheat protection Rangeof setting: 0~1 Default value: 1 This parameter is used to enable or disable overheat protection for module.
- F5.12 OP trip function 0: OP trip disabled; Range of setting: 0~1 Defaultvalue: 0 1: OP trip enabled.

OP trip protection willbe reported if this functionis set to "1" and external terminals are set to be in the mode of operationat the moment of powerup, which means operation command before power failure hasn't been clearedoff after the poweris off. Tripprotection will not be reported for terminal is set tobe in the mode of operation while being energized or this parameter is set "0", but be sure toconfirm if the terminal modeis normal before powerup.

F6 series Communication and Fault Parameters Description

F6.00 Selection of COM mode Range of setting: 0~17 Defaultvalue: 4 Mode 1: 8-bit data 1-bitston no parity RTU transfer Mode 2: 8-bit data, 1-bitston, even parity, 8-bitRTU transfer Mode 3: 8-bit data 1-bitston odd parity 8-bitRTU transfer Mode 4: 8-bit data, 2-bitston, no parity, 8-bitRTU transfer Mode 5: 8-bit data 2-bitston even parity 8-bitRTU transfer Mode 6: 8-bit data, 2-bitston, odd parity, 8-bitRTU transfer Mode 7: 8-bit data 1-bitston no parity 7-bitASCII transfer Mode 8: 8-bit data, 1-bitston, even parity, 7-bitASCII transfer Mode 9: 8-bit data 1-bitston odd parity 7-bitASCII transfer Mode 10: 8-bit data 2-bitston no parity 7-bitASCII transfer Mode 11: 8-bit data 2-bit stop, even parity 7-bit ASCII transfer Mode 12: 8-bit data 2-bitston odd parity 7-bitASCII transfer Mode 13: 8-bit data, 1-bitston, no parity, 8-bitASCII transfer Mode 14: 8-bit data, 1-bitstop, even parity, 8-bitASCII transfer Mode 15: 8-bit data, 1-bitston, odd parity, 8-bitASCII transfer Mode 16: 8-bit data, 2-bitstop, no parity, 8-bitASCII transfer Mode 17: 8-bit data, 2-bitston, even parity, 8-bitASCII transfer Mode 18: 8-bit data, 2-bitston, odd parity, 8-bitASCII transfer

 F6.01
 485 COM baud rateselection
 Range of setting: 0–5
 Default value: 0

 0: Transfer at thespeed of 1200pbs
 3: Transfer at the speed of9600pbs

 1: Transfer at thespeed of 2400pbs
 4: Transfer at the speed of19200pbs

 2: Transfer at thespeed of 4800pbs
 5: Transfer at the speed of38400pbs

F6.02 485 COM local address selection Range of setting: 1~127 Defaultvalue: 1 Refer to instructions for 485COM in the attached pagesfor detail.

F6.03 Communication error report Rangeof setting: 0-1 Default value:0 Communication error refers to thefault that the inverter cannothave a normal communication with upper machine. When using communication function, the upper machineneedn't keep continuous communication with the inverter to cancel the use of communication fault to avoid the inverter's report of communication error

F6.04 Error-recoverable times Range of setting: 0-5 Default value: 0If the number of faults is higher than this parameterafter the inverter is poweredon, then the faults will always maintain and cannotbe restored. Tosay in detail, if thenumber is "0", the faultscan not be restored, if thenumber is "1", the faultwill be restored for 1 time. E.g., if setting this parameter to "1" and overvoltageprotection occurs, the system willremove faults and reset after the voltage is restored to anormal value kept fora period of time whichcan be set by the parameter F6.05. If faults occur again, then the system will alwaysmaintain faults and will notrecover by itself.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

F6.05 Error recovery time Rangeof setting: 5~600s Default value:30s

F6.06 Last error type Rangeof setting: 0~14 Default value:0

F6.07 Next-to-last (penultimate) error type Range of setting: 0~14 Defaultvalue: 0

F6.08 Antepenultimate error type Range of setting: 0−14 Defaultvalue: 0 The above parameters are setby the system and canbe referred by the userwhen faults occur. It is suggested not tomodify them. Parameter =0 indicates no fault.

Data	Type of Error	Data	Type of Error
0	No error	8	485 COM error: ErCE
1	Short circuit protection: ErSC	9	Open-phase protection: ErLP
2	Over-voltage protection: ErOU	10	Fuse error: ErFS
3	Overheat protection: ErOH	11	Braking unit error: Erbr
4	Overload protection: ErOL	12	Current zero error: ErCO
5	Under-voltage protection: ErLU	13	External error: ErEF
6	EPROM failure: ErEP	14	Over-current Protection: ErOC
7	OP trip protection: ErOP		

F7 Series PID Function ParametersDescription

F7.00 PID setting source selection Range of setting: 0~6 Defaultvalue: 3

0: Keyboard setting (VI feedback):Keyboard setting -- target, VI -- feedback input;

1: Keyboard setting (CI feedback):Keyboard setting -- target,CI -- feedback input;

2: Keyboard potentiometer setting (VIfeedback):

Keyboard potentiometer setting -- target, VI -- feedback input;

3: Keyboard potentiometer setting (Clfeedback):

Keyboard potentiometer setting-- target, CI -- feedback input; 4: VI setting (CIfeedback): VI target, CI feedbackinput;

4: VI setting (Clieedback): VI target, Cl reedbackinput; 5: Cl setting (Vlfeedback): Cl target, VI feedback input.

. . .

F7.01 PID digital setting Rangeof setting: 0~100.0 Default value:50.0 This refers to setPID value by keyboard. Itwill be valid if F7.00(PID setting source selection) = 0.1.

F7.02 PID upper limiting frequency Range of setting: 10.0~400.0Hz Defaultvalue: 50.0Hz

This refers to themaximum operation frequency of the inverter when PID regulation is carried on.

F7.03 PID lower limiting frequency Range of setting: 10.0~400.0Hz Defaultvalue: 0Hz This refers to theminimal allowable operation frequency of the inverter when PID regulationis

This refers to theminimal allowable operation frequency of the inverter when PID regulationi carried on.

F7.04 PID Positive/Negative feedback selection Range of setting: 0~1 Defaultvalue: 0 0: Positive feedback: If the feedbackvalue is larger thanthe set value, the frequencywill fall; if the feedback value is smallerthan the set value, thefrequency will rise.

1: Negative feedback: If the feedbackvalue is larger than the set value, the frequency will rise; if the feedback value is smaller than the set value. the frequency will fall.

F7.05 Proportional gain Kp Rangeof setting: 0~100.0 Default value:0.0

Influence of proportional gain Kpon system performance: This aparameter that decides deviation response of action "p". Big value for proportional gainwill enable the system tooperate flexibly and its influence willspeed up. Excessivevalue for "P" will bring out moreoscillation and longer regulation time. Too big "p" value willead to instability of thesystem. Too small"p" value will cause instability andslow response of the system.

F7.06 Integral time Ki Rangeof setting: 0~100.0s Default value:0.0s Influence of integral action onsystem performance:

Integral time decides the effect of integral action. If the integral time is long, the response will be slow and the control overexternal agitation will be weakened. If the integral time isshort, the response will be fast, buttoo short integral time will result in oscillation. Integral actionmay decrease the stability of thesystem. If "i" is small, the integral action will bestrong which will cause instability of the system, but can remove the steadystate error and improve thecontrol precision of the system.

F7.07 Differential time Kd Rangeof setting: 0~100.0s Default value:0.0s Influence of differential control onsystem performance:

Differential time parameter decides theeffect of differential action. If the differential time is long, oscillation caused by p actionwill soon be reduced andregulation time will be shortwhen deviation occurs, but too lage "d" may cause oscillation. If the differential time is short, the attenuation effect will besmall and the regulation timewill be longer when deviationoccurs. The regulation time can be reducedonly when there is aproper"d".

F7.08 PID tolerance error range Range of setting: 0.0%-20.0% Defaultvalue: 1.0% This refers to the maximumdeviation ratio of the outputvalue of the system tothe given value for closed-loop, which is used tocontrol PID action. If theD-value between feedback and setpoint is lower than PID deviation tolerance, PID controller will pause and the inverter will maintain present output.

F7.09 PID detection time Rangeof setting: 0-60.0s Default value:0.0s PID detection time refers to the cycle during which PIDregulation is performedover feedback sampling cycle.

F7.10 PID Sleep time Rangeof setting: 0.0-60.0s Default value: 0.0sIf output frequency = F7.03(lower limiting frequency) with holdingtime > PID sleep timewhen PID regulation is enabled, theinverter will enter into the state of sleep without operation of the motor. If it is set to "0", there willbe no sleep function.

F7.11 PID Frequency wake-upthreshold Range of setting: 1.0-100.0Hz Default value: 10.0Hz If command frequency > (F7.03+F7.11) after the inverter entersinto sleep mode, the inverterwill wake up rapidly,start and begin to runthe motor.

F7.12 Encoder speed setting Rangeof setting: 1~9999 Default value:2400

F7.13 Encoder impulse timesper cycle Range of setting: 1~2000 Defaultvalue: 1024

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

F8 Series AnalogInput/Output Parameters Description

F8.00 Maximum voltage value for analog voltage input Range of setting: 0.0~10.0V Default value: 10.0V

F8.01 Minimal voltage value for analog voltage input $\,$ Range of setting: $0.0{\sim}10.0V$ Default value: 0.5V

F8.02 Frequency that corresponds to the maximum voltage for analog input Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 50.0Hz

F8.03 Frequency that corresponds to the minimal voltage for analog input Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 0.0Hz

F8.04 Maximum current value for analog current input Range of setting: 0~20mA Default value: 20mA

F8.05 Minimal current value for analog current input Range of setting: 0~20mA Default value: 4.0mA

F8.06 Frequency that corresponds to the maximum current for analog input Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 50.0Hz

F8.07 Frequency that corresponds to the minimal current for analog input Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 0.0Hz

Analog input can eitherbe voltage input orcurrent input. Both inputsare equivalent on hardware, but cannot be inputsimultaneously. If voltageinput is activated,AVI of the terminal will beused to input; if currentinput is enabled, CI will be used to input.

It is required that F8.00 or F8.04 must larger than F8.01 or F8.05, and F8.02 or F8.06 must larger than F8.03 or F8.07.1f analog input voltage(or current) is higher than F8.00 or F8.04, then the target frequency will be the set value for F8.02 or F8.06.

If analog input voltage(or current) is lower than F8.01 or F8.05, then the target frequency will be the set value for F8.03 or F8.07.

If analog input voltage(or current) is lowerthan F8.02 or F8.06, and lower than theset value for F8.00 or F8.04, thetarget frequency will alinear result between theset value for F8.02 or F8.06 and F8.03 or F8.07.

F8.08 Maximum value for external impulse input Range of setting: 0.0~10.0KHz Default value: 5.0KHz

F8.09 Minimal value forexternal impulse input Rangeof setting: 0.0~10.0KHz Default value: 0.1KHz

F8.10 Frequency that corresponds to the maximum value for impulse input Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 50.0Hz

F8.11 Frequency that corresponds to the minimal value for impulse input Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz Default value: 0.0Hz

It is required that F8.08 must larger than F8.09, and F8.10 must larger than F8.11.1f external impulse is higher than F8.08, the target frequency will be the set value for F8.10.

If external impulse islower than F8.09, the target frequency will bethe set value for F8.11. If external impulse ishigher than the setvalue for F8.09 and lower than the setvalue for F8.08, the target frequency will a linear result between the set value for F8.10 and F8.11.

F8.12 Analog output function Range ofsetting: 0~1 Default value: 1

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

- F8.13 Analog output content selection Rangeof setting: 0~5 Default value: 0
 - 0: Operating frequency 3: Motor rotating speed
 - 1: Output voltage 4: PID setvalue
 - 2: Output current 5: PID feedback value
- F8.14 Analog output correction coefficient Range of setting: 80~120% Default value: 100%

This parameter is used to adjust he output voltage if the setanalog output voltage is not proper

F8.15 Frequency that corresponds to the maximumvalue for analog output

Range of setting: 10.0~400.0Hz Default value: 50Hz

When the out put frequency of inverter is higher than the parameter setting value, The analog output voltage send the maximum value, while the output frequency inverter is lower than the parameter setting value. The analog output voltage depends on the frequency linear output.

F9 series PLC Function Parameters Description 1

F9.00 PLC operating frequency stage 1	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.01 PLC operating frequency stage 2	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.02 PLC operating frequency stage 3	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.03 PLC operating frequency stage 4	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.04 PLC operating frequency stage 5	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.05 PLC operating frequency stage 6	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.06 PLC operating frequency stage 7	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.07 PLC operating frequency stage 8	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.08 PLC operating frequency stage 9	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.09 PLC operating frequency stage 10	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.10 PLC operating frequency stage 11	Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.11 PLC operating frequency stage 12	Range of setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.12 PLC operating frequency stage 13	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.13 PLC operating frequency stage 14	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.14 PLC operating frequency stage 15	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz
F9.15 PLC operating frequency stage 16	Rangeof setting: 0.0~400.0Hz	Default value: 5.0Hz

FAseries PLC Function Parameters Description 2

FA.00 PLC operating timestage 1	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.01 PLC operating timestage 2	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.02 PLC operating timestage 3	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.03 PLC operating timestage 4	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.04 PLC operating timestage 5	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

E + 0.5	DL G C C	D	B C 1. 1 0
FA.05	PLC operatingtime stage 6	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Default value: 0s
FA.06	PLC operatingtime stage 7	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Default value: 0s
FA.07	PLC operatingtime stage 8	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Default value: 0s
FA.08	PLC operatingtime stage 9	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Default value: 0s
FA.09	PLC operatingtime stage 10	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.10	PLC operatingtime stage 11	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.11	PLC operating time stage 12	Range of setting: 0~9000s	Default value: 0s
FA.12	PLC operatingtime stage 13	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.13	PLC operatingtime stage 14	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.14	PLC operatingtime stage 15	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s
FA.15	PLC operatingtime stage 16	Rangeof setting: 0~9000s	Defaultvalue: 0s

Fb series PLC Function Parameters Description 3

Fb.00	PLC operating control stage1	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.01	PLC operating control stage2	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.02	PLC operating control stage3	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.03	PLC operating control stage4	Range of setting:	$0 \sim 144$	Default value: 0)
Fb.04	PLC operating control stage5	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.05	PLC operating control stage6	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.06	PLC operating control stage7	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.07	PLC operating control stage8	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value: 0)
Fb.08	PLC operating control stage9	Range of setting:	$0 \sim 144$	Default value: 0)
Fb.09	PLC operating control stage10	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.10	PLC operating control stage11	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.11	PLC operating controlstage 12	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.12	PLC operating control stage13	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.13	PLC operating control stage14	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.14	PLC operating control stage15	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0
Fb.15	PLC operating control stage16	Range of setting:	0~144	Default value:	0

0	0	0	0
Invalid	FWD/REV	Acceleration Time	Deceleration Time
Invalid	Forward Reserve	0: F0.06 1: F4.07 2: F4.09 3; F4.11	0: F0.07 1: F4.08 2: F4.10 3: F4.12

Fc series AuxiliaryControl Parameters Description

Fc.00 PLC function setting Rangeof setting: 0~3 Default value: 0

PLC function means the inverterproceeds auto running according to the preset frequency, ERD/REV acceleration and deceleration time in the designated sectors divided into 16 sectors

0: Non operation: There is no PLC function.

1: Single cycling. PLC runs from sector 1to sector 16 and shutdownafter the operation is completed.

2: Continuous Cycling: PLC runs from sector 1to sector 16 and proceedsrepeated operation.

3. Retaining the final value aftersingle cycling: PLC retains thespeed in sector 16 andruns at this speed after itruns from sector 1 to sector 16.

Fc.01 AVI/ACI filter time Rangeof setting: 0.01~60.00s Default value: 0.1s

Fc.02 Speed correction Range of setting: 50~100% Default value: 100%

- value.
- Fc.03 Remain Range of setting: -- Default value: --
- Fc.04 CI fine tuning Rangeof setting: 0~1000 Default value: 0 This refers to the corrected value for of analog current input.
- Fc.05 Digital frequencycontrol Range of setting: 0~3 Default value: 0 This is used tocontrol the power-failure memory and shutdown memory of digital frequency.
 - 0: Keep memory afterpower failure; holding aftershutdown.
 - 1: Keep memory after powerfailure; not holding aftershutdown.
 - 2: No memory afterpower failure; holding aftershutdown.
 - 3: No memory after powerfailure; no holding aftershutdown.

Fc.06 MOP function Rangeof setting: 0.1~50.0Hz Defaultvalue: 1.0Hz

When there is aMOP operation, frequency variationvalue will be setby pressing ▲▼ (or external UP/DOWN input). The user canmodify the setting frequencyby MOP function. Fc.07 Standby time Rangeof setting: 1-1000s Defaultvalue: 0s

This is used toset the standing time from this shutdown to nextpowerup. It is applicable to the occasion that frequent start of the inverter is not allowed.

Fc.08 Motor poles Range of setting: 1~20 Default value: 4

Fc.09 Counter target value Range of setting: 1~9999 Default value: 100

This refers to the value compared with the impulseinput of X4 if the terminal X4 is set to have counter function.

Fc.10 Counter arrival motiontime Range of setting: 0.01~60.0s Default value: 1.0s

If the relay is setto counter output and theinput impulse of terminal X4matches with the set value for FC.09, then theoutput time of the relayis equal to the setvalue for this parameter.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Fc.11 Output voltage autocompensation Range of setting:0~1 Default value: 1

If this parameter isset to "1", theoutput voltage of the inverter will not fluctuate with input power voltage and its internal self-regulating system will start to work.

Fc.12 Parameter lock Range of setting: 0~1 Defaultvalue: 0

This function is used to protect the dataset in the inverters that the datacannot be changed. To avoid erroroperation or improper modification of others, the usermay set this parameter to "1" and all the parameters will be locked till this parameter isreset to "0" which indicates parameters can be modified. The default value is"0", which means there is no parameter islocked.

Fc.13 Parameter Initializing Rangeof setting: 0~1 Defaultvalue: 0

This parameter is used to set initializing of the system. If it is set to non-zero, the system begins initializing.

Note: If this function is selected, parameter initializing will proceed only when the system is in the mode of shutdown.

Attached: 485 COM Description

The inverter ZVF11/M/S adopts MOBUS communication protocol on the aspect of 485 communication control. Before using 485COM, the address of theinverter, communication baud rate and data formatmust be set by hand, and do not modify these parameters during communication.

Two encoding formats are used under MODBUS communication protocol: ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) and RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) ASCII encoding means data tobe delivered will converto corresponding ASCIIcodes before transfer, while RTU encoding means data will be transferred directly without conversion. In ASCII format, each BYTE data is madeup of 2ASCII codes. E.g. Ox1F canbe described as 'IF' in ASCII format, which is made up of 'I'(31Hex)and 'F'(46Hex). The following are ASCII codes for $r_0 - 9$

Bit	'0'	'1'	'2'	'3'	'4'	'5'	' 6'	' 7'
ASCII code	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H
Bit	'8'	' 9'	'A'	'в'	'C'	ʻD'	'E'	'F'
ASCII code	38H	38H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

The following is the character box

10.bit (For ASCII)





(Data Format8, 0, 1)



Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

The following is the structure for each unit of data: ASCII Mode

START	Initial character ': '(0x3A)		
ADDR Hi	Secondary address: 8-bit datais made up		
ADDR Lo	of 2 ASCIIcodes.		
FUNCTION Hi	Function Code: 8-bit datais made up of		
FUNCTION Li	2 ASCII codes.		
DATA (n-1)	Content		
	1) n*8-bit: The contentis made up of		
DATAO	2)n≤12, 24 ASCII codes maximally		
LRC CHK Hi	I BC abaaksum		
LRC CHK Lo	LKC checksum		
END1	End code 1 "CR" (0x0D		
END2	End code 2 "LF" (0x0A)		
RTU Mode			
START	No signal. Input > 10ms		
ADDR	Secondary Machine Address		
FUNTION	Function code		
DATA (n-1)	Content n*8-bit Content: n≤2		
DATAO			
CRC CHK Hi	CPC abaaksum		
CRC CHK Lo	CICC CHECKSUM		
END	>10m, no signal input		

Communication address

00H: Broadcasting to all inverters

Secondary machine does not respond to broadcast address

01H: Corresponds to the inverter at the location 01

OFH: Corresponds to the inverter at he location 15

10H: Correspond to the inverter atthe location 16. Therest can be done in he same manner till at the maximum of 254(FEH).

Function Codes and Contents

03H: Read out the contents in he inverter register.

Note: Only 1 piece of the content is readable atone time to read theset parameter register of the inverter. Several (<=12)are readable at one time to read the register if the inverter is in themode of operation.

06H: To write 1WORD to the inverterregister

08H: Loop Detection

21H: Manufacturer reserved for the useof liquid-crystal display panel, unavailableto the user.

Function code 03H: Readout the contents in the inverter register. E.e. If the driveris at 01H, the contents read out in 2 continuous registers with initial address of 21002 are listed as follows:

ASCII Mode

Response message string format

Inquiry message string format					
STX	·; ·				
Address	'0' '1'				
Function	'0' '3'				
Starting address	[•] 2 [•] [•] 1 [•] [•] 0 [•] [•] 2 [•]				
Number of data (count by word)					
LRC Check	'0' '7'				
END	CR LF				

STX	· · · ·
Addrease	'0'
Addi 688	'1'
Function	'0'
	'3'
Number of data	'0'
(count by word)	'4'
Conlent fo Starting address 2102H	'1'
	'7'
	'7'
	'0'
Conlent of address 2103H	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
	'1'
END	CR
	LF

RTU Mode

Inquiry message format

Address	01H
Function	03H
Starting data	21H
address	02H
Number of data	00H
(count by world)	02H
CRC CHK Low	6FH
CRC CHK High	F7H

Response message format

Address	01H
Function	03H
Number of data (count by byte)	04H
Content of data	17H
address 8102H	70H
Content of data	00H
address 8103H	00H
CRC CHK Low	FEH
CRC CHK High	5CH

Note: If inquiry function is performed, when the upper machine sends message to the lower, the number of bytes (beginning at the initial address) to be inquired is described as 1 WORD. When the lower machineresponds to it, the initial address will not be responded and the number of bytes isresponded in BYTE.

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Function code 06H:

Write contents to the inverter register, only one content can be written inat one time. E.g. 6000(1770H) should be written to the internal of the driver to set the parameter 0100Hif the inverter is at the location of 01H

ASCII Mode

nquiry message string format		
STX	' ?'	
Address	'0'	
	'1'	
Function	·0'	
	'6'	
Data address	'0'	
	'1'	
	'0'	
	'0'	
Data content	'1'	
	'7'	
	<u>'7'</u>	
	' 0'	
LRC Check	<u>'7'</u>	
	•1'	
END	CR	
1	LF	

STX	
Address	'0'
	'1'
Function	'0'
	'6'
Data address	'0'
	'1'
	'0'
	'0'
Data content	'1'
	'7'
	'7'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
	'1'
END	CR
	LF

RTU Mode

Inquiry message format

Address	01H
Function	06H
Data address	01H
	00H
Data content	17H
	70H
CRC CHK Low	86H
CRC CHK High	22H

Response message format

Address	01H
Function	06H
Data address	01H
	00H
Data content	17H
	70H
CRC CHK Low	86H
CRC CHK High	22H

Function Code 08: Loop DetectionFunction

Under this function, if the function address is 00, messages that the secondary inverter responds to the upper will be the same as it has received.

ASCII Mode



Response message string format



RTU Mode

Inquiry message format

Address	01H
Function	08H
Sub-function Hi	00H
Sub-function Lo	00H
Data content	12H
	ABH
CRC CHK Low	ADH
CRC CHK High	14H

Response message format

Address	01H
Function	08H
Sub-function Hi	00H
Sub-function Lo	00H
Data content	17H
	70H
CRC CHK Low	ADH
CRC CHK High	14H

Chapter 3 Instructions for use of the product and specification for parameters

Check code in ASCII format (LRC):

In this format, checksum is the value added up fromAddress to Data Content.E.g. Checksum for the above-mentioned 03 searchedinfo is: 01H + 03H + 21H + 02H + 00H + 02H = 29H, then take the complement with respect to 2, that is equal to 107H

Check code in RTU format (CRC):

In this format, checksum is the value added up from Address to Data Content. The operational rule is listed below:

Step 1: Set 16-bit register(CRC register) = FFFFH.

Step 2: Exclusive OR which means command for the first8-bit byte and the lowbit 16-bit CRC register is taken as an Exclusive.OR: Store the result in CRC register.

Step 3: Move 1 bit right to CRC register andfil 0 in the highbit.

Step 4: Check the valuefor right shift. If itis 0., restore the newvalue in step 3 toCRC register. Otherwise, Exclusive ORA001H and CRC registerwill store the result inCRC register.

Step 5: Repeat step 3to step 4 till all8-bit bytes are completed operation.

Step 6: Repeat step 2to step 5 and takeone 8-bit command till allthe info commands are done. Finally, the valuefor CRC register (CRC checksum)will turn out. It isnotable that the CRC check must be exchanged andput into the checksum ofthe info command. The following is an example of CRC check in Clanguage.

unsigned char* data

```
unsigned char length
```

unsigned int crc chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length)

```
{
```

int j; unsigned int reg_crc=OXfff; while(length---) { reg_crc ^= *data++; for(j=0;j(8;j++) { if(reg_crc & 0x01) { /* LSB(b0)=1 */ reg_crc=(reg_crc>>1) ^ 0Xa001; }else { reg_crc=reg_crc >>1; } } }

return reg_crc;

Finally, Pass backCRC register value.